FIRST 5 YOLO COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION (a component unit of the County of Yolo, California) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



FIRST 5 YOLO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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FIRST 5 YOLO CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION COMMISSION MEMBERSHIP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

First 5 Yolo Commissioners are appointed by members of the Yolo County Board of Supervisors. Members of First 5 Yolo include five community representatives, one from each of the five districts of Yolo County, two representatives from county agencies, one representative of a special population, and one member of the Yolo County Board of Supervisors.

Jim Provenza, Yolo County Supervisor – Chair *Board of Supervisors Representative*

Nichole Arnold, Member at Large – Vice Chair *Children with Special Needs Representative*

Sally Brown, District 2 - Treasurer *Community Representative*

Anna Domek, District 1 *Community Representative*

Jennifer Rexroad, District 3 Community Representative

Heidy Kellison, District 4 *Community Representative*

Melissa Roberts, District 5 Community Representative

Garth Lewis, Yolo County Officer of Education *Education Representative*

Karleen Jakowski, Director of Child, Youth & Families Branch *Yolo County Agency Representative*

Lucas Frerichs, Yolo County Supervisor—Alternate Chair *Board of Supervisors Representative*



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners First 5 Yolo Children and Families Commission Davis, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of First 5 Yolo Children and Families Commission (the Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Commission, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Information, and Schedules related to the pension liability and other post-employment benefits on pages 4 through 9 and 31 through 39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods

of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of the Status of Prior Audit Findings and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of the status of prior audit findings and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2023, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Tensen Smith Certified Public Accountants, Inc. Lincoln, California October 18, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

On November 3, 1998, California voters approved Proposition 10 – the Children and Families Act of 1998. The Act imposed additional excise tax on cigarettes and tobacco related products to fund programs that promote, support, and improve the early development of children from prenatal through age five. The intent is for all California children to be healthy, to live in a healthy and supportive family environment, and to enter school ready to learn.

The Yolo County (County) Board of Supervisors created the Yolo County Children and Families Commission in 1999 under the provisions of the Act. The Commission consists of nine commissioners appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. The Commission is an agency of Yolo County with independent authorities, and is considered a discreetly presented component unit of the County.

As management of the Commission, we offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Commission earned \$1,560,384 from the State of California from revenues collected under the California Children and Families Act (Proposition 10 and Proposition 56) and grants from other governmental funds. This revenue includes an apportionment of \$1,244,211 of tobacco tax revenue (Propositions 10, 56 and SMIF), \$16,883 from collections of electronic cigarette excise tax (CECET), and \$299,290 in state grants. Additional income of \$3,457,969 was received from other sources, including grants from other governmental funds of \$3,405,827 and interest earned of \$34,456. Total revenues were \$5,108,353.
- During the current fiscal year, the Commission's total expenditures were \$5,403,306. Under the category of Child Development expenditures, expenditures were allocated as program expenses of \$4,836,908, administrative expenses of \$447,902 and evaluation expenses of \$113,601. Debt Service expenditures included principal and interest payments on a lease of \$4,644 and \$251, respectively.
- The Commission's ending General Fund balance of \$2,178,521 was classified as follows: Nonspendable \$890, Restricted \$46,696, Committed \$810,999, Assigned \$1,319,936, and reflects a decrease of \$384,953.
- On the Commission's Government-wide financial statements, total revenues were \$4,105,546 and total expenses were \$5,080,761. The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Commission exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,596,623 (*net position*), a decrease of \$26,843, in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to First 5 Yolo's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements are comprised of two components:

1) government-wide financial statements and 2) fund financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

In this report, the government-wide financial statements for the Commission are presented on pages 10 and 11. The fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of First 5 Yolo's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents summary information on all of the Commission's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as *net position*.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements report essentially the same functions as those reported in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. The Commission adopts an annual appropriated budget for its fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget on page 31 under required supplemental information.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14-30 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the First 5 Yolo finances on pages 31-39. The other supplementary information can be found on pages 40-42.

Commission-Wide Financial Statement Analysis

The following summarizes the Commission's Statement of Net Position comparing assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position for fiscal years 2023 and 2022:

Statement of Net Position Comparison

| | 6/30/23 | 6/30/22 | Change | % Change |
|---|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$3,313,388 | \$3,456,992 | \$ (143,604) | -4.15% |
| Total assets | 3,313,388 | 3,456,992 | (143,604) | -4.15% |
| Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB plans | 1,002,354 | 328,621 | 673,733 | 205.00% |
| LIABILITIES | 1 046 206 | 029 716 | 117,500 | 12 ((0) |
| Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities | 1,046,306 1,600,269 | 928,716 963,213 | 117,590 637,056 | 12.66% 66.14% |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 2,646,575 | 1,891,929 | 754,646 | 39.89% |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | |
| Deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB plans | 72,544 | 270,218 | (197,674) | -73.15% |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Restricted | 1,596,623 | 1,623,466 | (26,843) | -1.65% |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$1,596,623 | \$1,623,466 | (26,843) | -1.65% |

Net Position. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Commission's financial position. In the case for First 5 Yolo, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,596,623 (net position) at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The total net position decreased by \$26,843.

The most significant portion of the Commission's current assets is its cash balance of \$1,949,227. All of the Commission's cash is maintained in the County's cash and investment pool where interest earned on the Commission's balance is apportioned to the Commission. Another source of current assets is the Commission's receivables of \$1,286,132 mostly consisting of the funds due from First 5 California and other governmental contracts. Current assets decreased by \$156,934 from fiscal year 2021-2022 to fiscal year 2022-2023.

Current liabilities of \$1,046,306 included grants and contracts payable of \$962,189 representing the final payments due to contractors which are accrued and will be paid during the subsequent fiscal year. Current liabilities increased by \$117,590 from fiscal year 2021-22 to fiscal year 2022-23 due to the increased amount of contracts payable at the end of the fiscal year. Long-term liabilities increased by \$637,056 due to the net changes in the proportionate share of the County's net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$673,733 and deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$197,674 as a result of the change in proportionate share from year to year of the County's net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

Change in Net Position

The following is a summary of the Commission's Statement of Activities comparing revenues, expenses and changes in Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Statement of Activities Comparison

| | 6/30/23 | 6/30/22 | Change | % Change |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|----------|
| REVENUE | | | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | |
| Proposition 10 & 56 | \$ 1,244,211 | \$ 1,435,477 | \$(191,266) | (13.3%) |
| Elec Cigarette Excise Tax | 16,883 | - | 16,883 | 100.0% |
| State and Other Grants | 3,817,828 | 2,661,579 | 1,156,249 | 43.4% |
| Other Revenue | 1,839 | 8,490 | (6,651) | (78.3%) |
| Total Program Revenues | 5,080,761 | 4,105,546 | 975,215 | 23.8% |
| General Revenues: | | | | |
| Investment Income | 50,303 | (70,676) | 120,979 | 171.2% |
| Total Revenues | 5,131,064 | 4,034,870 | 699,989 | (147.4%) |
| EXPENSES | | | | |
| Administrative Expenses | 427,560 | 313,951 | 113,609 | 36.2% |
| Evaluation Expenses | 113,114 | 131,282 | (18,167) | (13.8%) |
| Program Expenses | 4,617,233 | 3,626,847 | 990,385 | 27.3% |
| Total Expenses | 5,157,907 | 4,072,080 | 1,085,827 | 49.7% |
| Change in net position | (26,843) | (37,210) | 10,367 | (27.9%) |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year | 1,623,466 | 1,660,676 | (37,210) | (2.2%) |
| NET POSITION, end of year | \$ 1,596,623 | \$ 1,623,466 | \$ (26,843) | (1.7%) |

The financial statements for fiscal year 2023 show a decrease in net position of \$26,843. This reflects a significant increase in pension and OPEB expenses.

Revenues. The Commission receives a portion of its revenue from the State allocation of Proposition 10 & 56 funds and from interest earned from its Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF). In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, \$1,261,094 was received from First 5 California in tobacco and electronic cigarette tax revenue, a decrease of \$191,266, compared to the prior fiscal year. The Commission also invests its funds in the Yolo County Treasury and earned \$34,256 in interest and \$15,847 for unrealized gains for fiscal year 2023, an increase of \$120,979 (171.2%), due to a recovery from a downturn in financial markets.

Total revenue consisting of Proposition 10 & 56 funds, interest income, grants from other governmental entities, and other revenue increased by \$975,215 (23.8%) or from 43,105,546 to \$5,080,761 for the year ended June 30, 2023. This increase was due to increases in new grants income.

Expenses. During fiscal year 2023, the Commission expended a total of \$5,157,907 of which \$4,617,233 was expended to various service providers within Yolo County, Commission run

programs and program support. This represents an increase of \$990,385 or 27.3% in program costs in accordance with the Strategic Plan implemented July 1, 2018 that included decreased program funding in the first year of the Plan to allow sufficient time to develop a multi-year funding plan as revenue and leveraging opportunities became more apparent. Additional state grants and local grants provided additional funds to be expended on programs in Yolo County. Total expenses of \$5,157,907 was an increase over the prior fiscal year by \$1,085,827 (49.7%). Administrative costs were less than 10% of total costs.

Financial Analysis of the Commissions Governmental Fund

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The difference between the governmental fund analysis and the General Fund analysis is the recognition of current and long-term liabilities for compensated absences, net pension liability, deferred outflows, inflows and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) payable. In addition, the receipt of funds related to current period revenues must occur within the Commission's period of availability after the end of the year.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$2,178,521, a decrease of \$384,953. The increase was due to a new strategic plan implemented July 1, 2018 that focuses on maintaining steady levels of funding for multi-year programs across the life of the Strategic Plan by establishing and maintaining reserve amounts and leveraging additional grants provided. Under this Strategic Plan, unrestricted net position can be used to ensure continuity of program funding. Total revenue consisting of Proposition 10 funds, interest income, grants from other governmental entities, and other revenue increased by \$909,172 (22.1%) or from \$4,109,181 to \$5,018,353 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Total expenditures of \$5,403,306 was an increase over the prior fiscal year by \$1,448,803 (37%). Administrative costs were \$447,902 or 8.3% of total costs, evaluation costs were \$113,601 or 2.1% of total costs and program costs were \$4,836,908 or 89.5% of total costs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlight

Total Revenues were less than budgeted by 1,024,749 (17.0%) and total expenses were less than budgeted by 505,255 (10.3%).

Debt Administration

The Commission's long-term debt consists of compensated absences payable of \$74,960 (of which \$37,480 has been classified as a current liability), net pension liability of \$1,331,786, net OPEB liability of \$216,258, and a lease liability of \$14,745.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Commission is committed to investing in the health, education, and wellbeing of children prenatal to five by utilizing Proposition 10 funds to promote and sustain comprehensive, integrated programs and services for young children and families. The First 5 Yolo Commission understands that significant brain development occurs in the first five years of a child's life, and the concentration of efforts in prevention and early intervention in the first five years is critical and foundational.

The Commission developed and approved a new three year Strategic Plan in 2018 for implementation beginning in fiscal year 2018-2019. The Plan was extended for an additional two fiscal years in June 2021. Beginning with fiscal year 2019, the Commission's budget reflects expenditures that do not exceed revenues over the life of the adopted strategic plan.

The 2019-2023 Strategic Plan developed by the Commission focuses on four priority areas:

- Improved Child Health
- Improved Child Safety
- Improved Quality Early Learning
- Improved Systems and Networks

\$14,951,639 is budgeted for programs in these areas in the 2019-2023 Strategic Plan.

With effects of the COVID-19 pandemic continuing to unfold, the Commission is committed to supporting young children and their families through the multitudinous challenges they face. The Commission will work with local partners, the County, and other community based organizations in the year ahead to support young children and their families through pandemic recovery.

The Commission views Proposition 10 as a leveraging mechanism to establish and fund a sustainable system of results-oriented early childhood development and family support services for the 0-5 population. In that regard, the Commission will focus on the new Strategic Plan programs and work in the community to support children and families. The Commission developed an evaluation plan to track the results of funded programs to determine what is working effectively and to support continual quality improvement to impact the health and wellbeing of children and maximize the impact of Proposition 10 funding in Yolo County. The results of these evaluation activities will help inform the Commission as it plans for the future.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the First 5 Yolo Children & Families Commission finances for all those interested. Questions concerning, any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the First 5 Yolo Children & Families Commission at 2779 Del Rio Place, Unit A Davis, California 95618.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FIRST 5 YOLO CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS

| Current Assets | |
|---|--------------|
| Cash and Investments | \$ 1,949,227 |
| Due from Other Governments | 1,286,132 |
| Accounts Receivable | 63,809 |
| Prepaid Expenses | 890 |
| Total Current Assets | 3,300,058 |
| Noncurrent Assets | |
| Lease Asset, Net of Accumulated Depreciation | 13,330 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 13,330 |
| Total Assets | 3,313,388 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | |
| Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions | 862,864 |
| Deferred Outflows Related to OPEBs | 139,490 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 1,002,354 |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | |
| Current Liabilities | |
| Accounts Payable | 9,488 |
| Grants and Contracts Payable | 962,189 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 37,149 |
| Accrued Compensated Absences | 37,480 |
| Total Current Liabilites | 1,046,306 |
| Long-term Liabilities | |
| Accrued Compensated Absences | 37,480 |
| Lease Liability | 14,745 |
| Net Pension Liability | 1,331,786 |
| Net OPEB Liability | 216,258 |
| Total Long-term Liabilities | 1,600,269 |
| Total Liabilities | 2,646,575 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | |
| Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions | 12,651 |
| Deferred Inflows Related to OPEBs | 59,893 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 72,544 |
| NET POSITION | |
| Restricted | 1,596,623 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 1,596,623 |
| See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements. | , , , , |

FIRST 5 YOLO CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

FIRST 5 PROGRAM EXPENSES

| Child Development | \$ 5,157,907 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Total Program Expenses | 5,157,907 |
| PROGRAM REVENUES | |
| Charges for services | 1,839 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions: | |
| Prop 10 Apportionment | 923,904 |
| Prop 56 Backfill | 315,668 |
| Surplus Money Investment Funds | 4,639 |
| CA Electronic Cigarette Excise Tax | 16,883 |
| Prop 10 Grants | 412,001 |
| Other Government Grants | 3,405,827 |
| Other Revenue | - |
| Total Program Revenues | 5,080,761 |
| Net Program Revenues (Expense) | (77,146) |
| GENERAL REVENUES | |
| Interest Income | 34,456 |
| Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments | 15,847 |
| Total General Revenues | 50,303 |
| Change in Net Position | (26,843) |
| Net Position - Beginning of Year | 1,623,466 |
| Net Position - End of Year | \$ 1,596,623 |

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FIRST 5 YOLO CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS

| Cash and Investments | \$ | 1,949,227 |
|---|----|-----------------------|
| Due from Other Governments | | 1,173,421 |
| Accounts Receivable | | 63,809 |
| Prepaid Expenses | | 890 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 3,187,347 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 9,488 |
| Grants and Contracts Payable | + | 962,189 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | | 37,149 |
| Total Liabilities | | 1,008,826 |
| FUND BALANCES | | |
| Nonspendable | | 890 |
| Restricted | | 46,696 |
| Committed | | 810,999 |
| Assigned | | 1,319,936 |
| Total Fund Balances | | 2,178,521 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ | 3,187,347 |
| Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet | | |
| to the Government - Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities | | |
| Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund (from above) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are | \$ | 2,178,521 |
| different because: | | |
| Revenue Receivables received after ninety days after the fiscal year end are not considered currently available and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund activities. | | 112,711 |
| Capital lease assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and | | |
| therefore are not reported in the funds | | 13,330 |
| Deferred outflows of resources represents a comsumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources | | |
| (expense) in the fund financial | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pension | | 862,864 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | | 139,490 |
| Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current | | |
| period, and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund. | | |
| Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability | | (1,331,786) |
| Lease Liability | | (216,258) (14,745) |
| Compensated Absences | | (74,960) |
| Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to | | |
| future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue | e) | |
| in the fund financial statements. |) | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pension | | (12,651) |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | | (59,893) |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ | 1,596,623 |

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

FIRST 5 YOLO CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES

| Operating Grants and Contributions: | | |
|---|---------|-----------|
| Prop 10 Tobacco Tax Apportionment | \$ | 923,904 |
| Prop 56 Backfill | | 315,668 |
| Surplus Money Investment Funds | | 4,639 |
| CA Electronic Cigarette Excise Tax | | 16,883 |
| Prop 10 Grants | | 299,290 |
| Other Grants | | 3,405,827 |
| Interest Income | | 34,456 |
| Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments | | 15,847 |
| Other Revenue | | 1,839 |
| Total Revenues | | 5,018,353 |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | | |
| Child Development: | | |
| Administrative | | 447,902 |
| Evaluation | | 113,601 |
| Program | | 4,836,908 |
| Debt Service: | | |
| Principal Payments on Lease | | 4,644 |
| Interest Payments on Lease | | 251 |
| Total Expenditures | | 5,403,306 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (384,953) |
| Fund Balance - Beginning of Year | | 2,563,474 |
| Fund Balance - End of Year | \$ | 2,178,521 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditu | res and | |
| Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to | | |
| Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental | Activit | ies |
| For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 | | |
| Net Change to Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund | \$ | (384,953) |

Amounts reported for activities in the Statement of Activities differ from the amounts reported in the Statemen of Revenue, Expenditures and changes in fund balance because:

| Revenue Receivables received after ninety days after the fiscal year end are not considered currently available and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund activities. Prop 10 grants | 112,711 |
|---|----------------|
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require | |
| the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported | |
| as expenditures in the governmental fund | |
| Net Change in pension related amounts | 248,310 |
| Net Change in OPEB related amounts | 3,069 |
| Net Change in lease related amounts | (1,415) |
| Change in Compensated Absences | (4,565) |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ (26,843) |

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The First 5 Yolo Children and Families Commission (Commission), formerly known as Yolo County Children and Families Commission, was established on January 8, 1999 pursuant to Health and safety Code §130140. The Commission was also established in accordance with the provisions of the California Children and Families Act of 1998 and by Yolo County Ordinances 1231, 1233, 1238, and 1247. The Commission is a public entity legally separate and apart from the County of Yolo (County). The purpose of the Commission is to develop, adopt, promote and implement early childhood development and school readiness systems improvements and programs in the County of Yolo consistent with the goals and objective of the Act. The Commission's programs are funded by taxes levied by the State of California on tobacco products and grant revenues from other state and local jurisdictions.

A governing board of nine members, which are appointed by the County Board of Supervisors, oversees the commission. One member of the Commission shall be a member of the Board of Supervisors. Two members are considered Mandatory Members, and are the County Health Officer or persons responsible for management of the following County functions: children's services, education, public health services, behavioral health services, social services, tobacco and other substance abuse prevention and treatment services. One member is selected from the following categories: recipients of project services included in the County strategic plan, representatives of a local child care resource or referral agency, or a local child care coordinating group; representatives of a local organization for prevention of early intervention for families at risk; representatives of community-based organization that have the goal of promoting and nurturing early childhood development; representatives of the business community and representatives of local medical, pediatric or obstetric associations or societies. Five other members are considered At-Large Rotating Members and are nominated by each individual Supervisor from the above categories; The County Board of Supervisors may remove any Commission Member at any time. The Commission is considered a component unit of the County of Yolo.

Upon termination of the Commission, all assets of the Commission shall be returned to the State of California. The liabilities of the Commission shall not become liabilities of the County upon either termination of the Commission or the liquidation or disposition of the Commission's remaining assets.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The basic financial statements of the Commission are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

Government- Wide Statements

Government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus. All economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of the GASB statements.

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements consist of the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance of the Commission's general fund. These statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus. Generally, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the governmental fund generally presents inflows (revenues) and outflows (expenditures) in net current position. All operations of the Commission are accounted for in the general fund.

The fund financial statements have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues are considered available if they are received within 90 days after year-end. Revenues susceptible to accrual include tax revenues, grant revenues and investment income. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred except for compensated absences, which are recognized when due and payable at year-end.

Adjustments Between Fund Financial Statements and Government-Wide Financial Statements

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Commission reports deferred outflows related to pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEBs). Refer to additional details in Note 10 and 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In the fund financial statements the Commission has one item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental fund reports unavailable revenues from intergovernmental revenues. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The Commission also reports deferred inflows related to pensions and to OPEBs. Refer to additional details in Note 10 and 11.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized in the fund financial statements if it has been collected after year-end within the Commission's established availability period of 90 days. All other accrued revenues due the Commission are deferred at year-end in the fund financial statements. At June 30, 2022, there were no receivables that were not received in the 90 day period after the fiscal year end June 30, 2022 and therefore there were no amounts deferred to the fiscal year 2022-2023 fund financial statements. At June 30, 2023, there was a receivable for \$112,711 that was not received within 90 days after year end. Therefore, it has been deferred to the fiscal year 2023-2024 fund financial statements.

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Long-Term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2023 the Commission estimated its liability for vested compensated absences to be \$74,960. Compensated absence obligations are considered long-term in nature and are reported in the fund financial statements as expenditures in the period paid or when due and payable at year-end under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Half of the accrued compensated absences (\$37,480) have been classified as current liabilities as these will likely be used in the next year. The remaining compensated absences have been accrued in the government wide financial statements and are included in long-term liabilities. The compensated absences increased by \$4,565 during this year. The compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund.

C. Due from other Governments

Due from other governments represents receivables from other local governments. Management has determined the Commission's receivables are fully collectable. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been made.

D. Net Position

Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and net of related debt.
- Restricted net position Consists of resources in the net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other resources making up net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The Commission applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget and Budgetary Reporting

The Commission is required by County ordinance to prepare a budget each year based on estimates of revenues and expected expenditures. The Commission's Board of Commissioners adopted an annual budget of expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023, which is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balance Classification

Fund balance can be displayed under the following components:

• Nonspendable –

This category includes elements of the fund balance that cannot be spent because of their form, or because they must be maintained intact. For example:

- Assets that will never convert to cash, such as prepaid items and inventories of supplies;
- Assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current period, such as non-financial assets held for resale; or
- Resources that must be held intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements, such as revolving loan fund capital or the principal of an endowment.

• Restricted –

This category includes resources that are subject to constraints that are externally enforceable legal restrictions. Examples include:

- Funding from the State Commission or foundations that are legally restricted to specific uses. For example, funds advanced by First 5 CA under specific agreements for services, or matching funds for specific initiatives.
- Funds legally restricted by County, state, or federal legislature, or a government's charter or constitution.
- Amounts collected from non-spendable items, such as the long term portion of loan outstanding, if those amounts are also subject to legal constraints.
- Funding that has been designated for legally enforceable contracts but not yet spent. This includes multi-year contracts.

• Committed –

Two criteria determine the Commission's fund balance:

- 1. Use of funds is constrained by limits imposed by the government's highest level of decision making. The highest level of decision making for the Commission would be the Commissioners.
- 2. Removal or modification of use of funds can be accomplished only by formal action of the Commission. Both commitments and modifications or removal must occur prior to the end of reporting period; that is, the fiscal year being reported upon. For First 5 organizations, resources in this category would include:
 - Resources committed for a future initiative as long as commission action is also required to remove this commitment.
 - Resources that have been committed by a commission for specific agreements that have not yet been executed, where commission action is also required to remove this commitment.
 - Resources committed as the local match for a State Commission initiative.

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balance Classification (continued)

Assigned –

The assigned portion of the fund balance reflects a commission's intended use of resources, which is established either by the county First 5 Commission, a body created by the commission, such as a commission finance committee, or an official designated by the commission (e.g., an Executive Director). The "assigned" component is similar to the "committed" component, with two essential differences, shown in the following table:

| Key Differences Between Committed and Assigned Fund Balance | | | | | | |
|---|-----|----|--|--|--|--|
| Committed Assigned | | | | | | |
| A decision to use funds for a specific | Yes | No | | | | |
| purpose requires action of First 5 | | | | | | |
| Commission | | | | | | |
| Formal action of Commission is | Yes | No | | | | |
| necessary to impose, remove or | | | | | | |
| modify this constraint and formal | | | | | | |
| action has taken place before end of | | | | | | |
| reporting period) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Another key difference is that the purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the fund itself. Consequently, tobacco tax revenues would not automatically be placed in the "committed" component. Resources that fit into this category include:

- Appropriation of a portion of existing fund balance sufficient to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget, where the Executive Director may decide whether to use the entire amount.
- Resources assigned to a specific program or project or organization for which the commission has approved a plan or budget
- Resources approved by a commission for a long range financial plan where formal approval is not required to modify the amount.

First 5 Yolo can assign amounts under this category, and may also authorize the Executive Director to assign amounts under this category when that decision is consistent with the approved long term financial plan.

• Unassigned –

This category includes the fund balance that cannot be classified into any of the other categories.

The Commission's policy states that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, it is presumed that restricted funds are spent first; and when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any unrestricted fund balances could be used, it is presumed that the committed amounts are spent first, then the assigned amounts, then the unassigned amounts.

Note 1. Nature of the Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pensions

Fair Value Measurement

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Yolo County Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of July 1, 2015, the Commission retrospectively applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The Commission categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Commission does not have any investments that are measured using Level 3 inputs.

Note 2. Cash and Investments

The Commission maintains its cash and investments with the Yolo County Treasurer in a cash and investment pool. On a quarterly basis, the Treasurer allocates interest to participants based upon their average daily balances. The Yolo County Treasury Oversight Committee oversees the Treasurer's investments and policies. The balance of the Commission's investment in the Yolo County Treasury pool at June 30, 2023 is \$1,949,227. The County investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company.

The Commission had no deposit or investment policy that addressed a specific type of risk. Investments held in the County's investment pool are available on demand and are stated at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. Required disclosure information regarding the classification of investments and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The County of Yolo's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the County of Yolo's Auditor-Controller's Office at 625 Court Street, Room 103, Woodland, California 95695 or on the County's website. Investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

Cash at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

| | Carrying | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Pooled Investments: | Amount | Fair Value | Difference |
| Yolo County | \$ 2,006,723 | \$ 1,949,227 | \$ (57,496) |

The difference between the carrying value and the fair value of cash and investments was considered material to the Commission's financial statements; therefore, an adjustment to fair value was made for GASB No. 31 compliance. The change in fair market value from the prior year is recorded as an unrealized gain.

Note 2. Cash and Investments (continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The Commission categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. As of June 30, 2023, the Commission held no individual investments. All funds are invested in the County Treasurer's Investment Pool.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Commission's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Deposits and withdrawals in the Pools are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the Commission's share of investments in the County Treasurer's Investment Pool at June 30, 2023 of \$1,949,227 is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

Note 3. Due From Other Governments and Accounts Receivables

The due from other governments account represents amounts due to the Commission from the California Children and Families Commission ("State Commission") for Prop 10 related revenues and other governmental agencies. The amounts due to the Commission at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

| Due from Other Governments: | |
|--|-----------------|
| Prop 10 Revenues: | |
| May and June 2023 Allocations | \$ 147,757 |
| CA Electronic Cigarette Excise Tax | 16,883 |
| Surplus Money Investment Fund Allocations | 4,639 |
| County of Yolo – Welcome Baby program | 251,285 |
| County of Yolo – Childcare Recovery | 523,087 |
| County of Yolo – The CHILD Project: Road to Resilience | 64,505 |
| First 5 Placer – Refugee Family Support | 32,731 |
| Office of Child Abuse Prevention- Road to Resilience | 132,533 |
| First 5 California- Multiple Grants | 112,711 |
| Total Due from Other Governments | 1,286,132 |
| CommuniCare Health Centers- ACEs PRACTICE | 63,809 |
| Total Due from Other Governments & Accounts Receivable | \$ 1,349,941 |

Note 4. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

| | | Balance | | | | | I | Balance |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|----------|----------|----|-----------|------------|
| | <u>Jı</u> | uly 1, 2022 | <u>2</u> <u>A</u> | dditions | Deletion | ns | June | e 30, 2023 |
| Capital Assets: Equipment | \$ | 8,669 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 8,669 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (8,669) | _ | | | | | (8,669) |
| Capital Assets, Net | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | - | <u>\$</u> | |

Note 5. Commitments – Leases - Implementation of GASB 87

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission implemented Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

Currently, the Commission has a two-year lease for office space that commenced on November 15, 2022. Monthly payments are \$890 for the first twelve months and \$917 for the following twelve months. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the lease asset and lease liability were valued at \$19,389. The annual interest rate applicable to the lease was determined to be 2.40%.

Following is a summary of lease activity for the year ended June 30, 2023:

| Lease Asset, 11/15/22 | \$ | 19,389 |
|---------------------------------|----|---------|
| Accumulated Depreciation | _ | (6,059) |
| Lease Asset, net of accumulated | | |
| depreciation, 6/30/23 | \$ | 13,330 |

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was \$6,059.

| Lease Liability, 11/15/22 | \$ 19,389 |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| Principal Payments | (4,644) |
| Lease Liability, 6/30/23 | \$ 14,745 |

Interest expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was \$251.

Note 6. Grants and Contracts Payable

The Commission's primary expenditures consist of funding to various governmental and non-profit agencies that provide services directly to children ages 0-5 and their families. The Commission generally funds grant recipients on a reimbursement of actual expenses incurred basis. The grantees are required to file quarterly cost reports detailing how much of the funding was used. At year end, grantees submit their final quarterly report and a payable is recorded. At June 30, 2023, the following was owed to grantees and was included in grants and contracts payable:

| Grants and Contracts Payable | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Children's Home Society of California | Childcare Recovery Package | \$ 42,824 |
| CommuniCare Health Centers | Help Me Grow | 19,780 |
| CommuniCare Health Centers | The CHILD Project: Road to Resilience | 130,377 |
| CommuniCare Health Centers | Welcome Baby | 138,679 |
| Davis Arts Center | IMPACT2020 | 7,058 |
| Northern California Children's Therapy Center | Yolo Baby | 8,400 |
| Northern California Children's Therapy Center | ACEs PRACTICE | 20,841 |
| Northern California Children's Therapy Center | Help Me Grow | 186,693 |
| RISE, Inc | Help Me Grow | 1,868 |
| RISE, Inc | IMPACT2020 | 24,228 |
| Yolo County Children's Alliance | Childcare Recovery Package | 10,000 |
| Yolo County Children's Alliance | The CHILD Project: Road to Resilience | 18,918 |
| Yolo County Children's Alliance | Alternative Response | 19,579 |
| Yolo County Children's Alliance | Help Me Grow | 20,731 |
| Yolo County Children's Alliance | Welcome Baby | 21,830 |
| Yolo County Children's Alliance | IMPACT2020 | 22,956 |
| Yolo County Children's Alliance | Newcomer Family Support | 28,456 |
| Yolo County Office of Education | IMPACT2020 | 39,583 |
| Yolo Crisis Nursery | Help Me Grow | 4,206 |
| Yolo Crisis Nursery | Crisis Nursery Intervention Services | 14,980 |
| Yolo Crisis Nursery | Attachment & Biobehavioral Catch-Up | 25,343 |
| Yolo Crisis Nursery | Capital Campaign Contribution | 100,000 |
| Other Contracts Payable | Multiple | 54,859 |
| | Total Grants and Contracts Payable | \$ 962,189 |

Note 7. Contingencies

The Commission is involved in various legal proceedings from time to time in the normal course of business. In management's opinion, the Commission is not involved in any legal proceeding that will have a material adverse effect on financial position or changes in financial position of the Commission.

Note 8. Related Party Transactions

The required composition of the Board of Commissioners includes members from the County and other local governments, community based organizations which serve children. Many of the programs funded by the Commission are operated by organizations represented by the Commissioners. Commissioners must abstain from voting on issues directly related to their respective organizations.

In fiscal year 2022-23 the County of Yolo and Yolo County Office of Education provided the following grants to the Commission:

| Program | <u>Funding</u> | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Attachment and Biobehavioral Catch-Up | \$ 84,750 | | | |
| Help Me Grow Program | \$ 503,956 | | | |
| Welcome Baby | \$ 936,956 | | | |
| Childcare Recovery Package | \$ 978,859 | | | |
| Preschool Development | \$ 17,406 | | | |

The Commission also contracts with the County to provide accounting, banking and investment, purchasing, human resources, risk management and other administrative services. The Commission participates in the County's risk management programs (commercial and self-insurance programs) for general and automobile liability insurance, public official liability, rental interruption, personal property, worker's compensation, group health indemnified plans, group salary continuance plan, group dental plan and unemployment benefit plan. The Commission incurred expenses totaling \$33,638 for all other County services provided during the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 9. Program Evaluation

In accordance with the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California Counties Participating in the California Children and Families Program*, issued by the California State Controller, the Commission is required to disclose the amounts expended during the fiscal year on program evaluation. Program evaluation costs pertain to those activities undertaken to support the collection, production, analysis and presentation of evaluation information for Commission management, Commissioners and other interested parties.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission expended \$113,601 for program evaluation.

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Commission employees participate in the County of Yolo's Miscellaneous defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for California cities and governmental jurisdictions, which participate in this retirement plan.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Contributions - Rates for the County's contributions are set by CalPERS based upon annual experience of County members and on periodic actuarial valuations. The contribution rate for the Commission is established by the County of Yolo. The employer contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was 32.78%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission was required to contribute \$189,565 to the County of Yolo for the plan. The Commission made all required contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2023, the Commission reported a liability of \$1,331,786 for its proportionate share of the County's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission recognized a pension expense of \$348,566. At June 30, 2023, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Outflows of Inflow Resources Resour | | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | | | |
| on pension plan investments | \$ | 139,642 | \$(12,651) | | |
| Change in proportion | | 441,473 | _ | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | 5,170 | - | | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 87,014 | - | | |
| Employer contributions paid by the Commission | | | | | |
| Subsequent to the measurement date | | 189,565 | - | | |
| Total | \$ | 862,864 | \$(12,651) | | |

The \$189,565 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Commission's contributions to the County's plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

The net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments is amortized over a 5year period on a straight line basis. One-fifth was recognized in pension expense during the measurement period, and the remaining net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments at June 30, 2022 is to be amortized over the remaining 3 year period.

| Ended June 30, | | |
|----------------|---------------|--|
| 2023 | \$ 132,130 | |
| 2024 | 176,173 | |
| 2025 | 176,173 | |
| 2026 | 176,172 | |
| 2027 | _ | |
| Total | \$ 660,648 | |
| | | |

Year

Actuarial methods and assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability - The Commission's proportion of the County's net pension liability was based on the Commission's FY 2021 actual contributions to the County's pension plan relative to the total contributions of the County as a whole. At June 30, 2021, the Commission's proportionate share (based on Contributions) was 0.3951% and at June 30, 2022 the Commission's proportionate share was 0.4558%, an increase of 0.0607%.

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

The components of the Commission's proportionate share of the Plan net pension liability as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023 are as follows:

| Commission's Proportionate Share | 2022 | 2023 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Total Pension liability | \$ 3,313,289 | \$ 4,079,564 |
| Less: Plan fiduciary net position | 2,607,243 | 2,767,778 |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ 706,046 | \$ 1,331,786 |

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022 (measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2021 total pension liability using standard roll-forward procedures. The Commission's proportion of the County's total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Actuarial valuation date Measurement date Measurement period | June 30, 2021 June 30, 2022 July 1, 2021-June 30, 2022 |
|--|--|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal cost method |
| Actuarial Assumptions: | |
| Discount Rate | 6.90% |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00% |
| Inflation | 2.50% |
| Projected Salary increases | Varies by Entry Age and Service |

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS's specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publication at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Changes of Assumptions – There were no changes of assumptions for the measurement period ended June 30, 2022.

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and contributions from employers will be made at statutory required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return - The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

| Asset Class(A) | Target Allocation | Real Return, Years 1 -10 (B) | Real Return Years11+ (C) |
|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Global Equity | 50.00% | 4.80% | 5.98% |
| Fixed Income | 28.00% | 1.00% | 2.62% |
| Inflation Assets | 0.00% | 77.00% | 1.81% |
| Private Equity | 8.00% | 6.30% | 7.23% |
| Real Assets | 13.00% | 3.75% | 4.93% |
| Liquidity | 1.00% | 0.00% | -0.92% |
| | 100.00% | | |

(A) In the County's System's ACFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

- (B) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period
- (C) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Commission's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following table presents the Commission's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

| | 1.00% Decrease (5.90%) | Current Discount Rate (6.90%) | 1.00% Increase (7.90%) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Commission's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability | \$ 1,860,980 | \$ 1,311,786 | \$ 859,597 |

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Pension plan changes in the net pension plan liability and pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the County's collective net pension liability and plan fiduciary net position is available in the County's separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The County of Yolo's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the County of Yolo, Department of Financial Services, 625 Court Street, Room 103, Woodland, California 95695 or visiting the County's website at www.yolocounty.org. Detailed information about the CalPERS fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued CalPERS comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual report may be obtained from CalPERS Headquarters, Lincoln Plaza North, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95811, or visiting www.calpers.ca.gov.

Note 11. Retiree Medical Plan – Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description. The Commission is a participant in the County of Yolo's Retiree Medical Plan (the Plan). The County of Yolo Retiree Healthcare Plan (the Plan) provides postemployment medical and dental insurance to retired employees through a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. Medical insurance benefits are administered by the California Public Employee's Retirement System, (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California, in accordance to the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). To be eligible, an employee must retire under the CalPERS program within 120 days of separation from employment from Yolo County. Dental insurance is provided through Yolo County's Dental Self Insurance program. Medical and dental insurance benefits for retirees are continued based on current labor agreements. In order to fund retiree health benefits, the County established an irrevocable trust with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS), an agent multiple-employer OPEB plan. The employer contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was 7.7%. PARS issues a separate annual financial report and copies of the report may be obtained by writing to PARS at 4350 Von Karman Ave., Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA 92660 or by calling 800-540-6369.

Employers participating in the Plan are required to report OPEB information in their financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

GASB 75 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

| Valuation Date | June 30, 2022 |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Measurement Date | June 30, 2022 |
| Measurement Period | July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022 |

The accompanying schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental organizations.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total OPEB Liability - The components of the Plan net OPEB liability as of measurement dates June 30, 2016 to 2022 are as follows:

| Commission's Proportionate Share | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | 2018 | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | 2022 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$272,668 | \$222,445 | \$202,523 | \$174,408 | \$216,804 | \$339,275 | \$344,188 |
| Less: Plan fiduciary net position | 6,201 | 18,062 | 28,856 | 34,011 | 50,316 | 117,305 | 127,930 |
| Net OPEB liability of employers | \$266,467 | \$204,383 | \$173,667 | \$140,397 | \$166,488 | 221,970 | 216,258 |

Note 11. Retiree Medical Plan – Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The Commission's proportionate share of the County's net OPEB liability of the Plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the Commission reported a Net OPEB liability of \$216,258 for its proportionate share of the County's Net OPEB liability. The Commission's proportion of the County's net OPEB liability was based on the Commission's FY 2021-2022 actual contributions to the County's the Plan relative to the total contributions of the County as a whole. At June 30, 2021, the Commission's proportionate share was 0.3770% and at June 30, 2022 the Commission's proportionate share was 0.4195%, an increase of 0.0425%.

The June 30, 2022 total OPEB liabilities for the Plan were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry-Age Normal Cost Method |
|--|---|
| Actuarial Assumptions: | |
| Inflation: | 2.75% annually |
| Salary Increases: | Aggregate 2.75% annually; |
| Discount rate and Long-term expected rate of return: | 6.75% at June 30, 2022; Expected County contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust. |
| Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination: | CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study |
| Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: | Non-Medicare -7% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4% in 2076; Medicare (Non-Kaiser) -6.1% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4% in 2076; Medicare (Kaiser) -5% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4% in 2076. |

Mortality information was derived from data collected during the 2000-2019 CalPERS Experience Study and postretirement mortality information was derived from the 2000-2019 CalPERS Experience Study which assumed future mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries (SOA) Scale MP-2021. The Experience Study Reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website <u>www.calpers.ca.gov</u> under Forms and Publications.

Changes of Assumptions – In 2022, the discount rate decreased from 6.75% to 6.50% based on newer capital market assumptions, Experience Study was updated to CalPERS 2000-2019, Medical Trend was updated, Mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2021.

Target Asset Allocation – The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below. The County's investment guidelines for OPEB are detailed in the "Investment Guidelines Document - Yolo County Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust - March 2017." The following is the Board's adopted asset allocation policy for OPEB:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Expected Real Rate of Return |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Global Equity | 75.0% | 4.56% |
| Fixed Income | 20.0% | 0.78% |
| Cash | 5.0% | (0.50%) |
| Total | 100.0% | |
| Total | <u> 100.0%</u> | |

* Assumed long-term rate of inflation 2.50%; Expected long term net rate of return 6.25%.

Note 11. Retiree Medical Plan – Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75 percent at June 30, 2022 and 6.50 percent at June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.75 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate: 1.00%

| point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate: | 1.00% | Current | 1.00% |
|--|------------|---------------|------------|
| | Decrease | Discount Rate | Increase |
| Discount Rate | (5.75%) | (6.75%) | (7.75%) |
| Commission's proportionate share of the | | | |
| County's net OPEB liability | \$ 252,071 | \$ 216,258 | \$ 185,633 |

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 1 percent higher as well

| as using trend rate 1 percent lower than the current trend | d rates: 1.00% | Current | 1.00% |
|--|----------------|------------|--------------|
| | Decrease | Trend Rate | Increase |
| Healthcare Cost Trend Rate* | (Trend -1%) | | (Trend + 1%) |
| Commission's proportionate share of the | | | |
| County's net OPEB liability | \$ 202,926 | \$ 216,258 | \$ 230,775 |
| * Soo Hoalthoans Coat Turned Data againsticus about | | | +,,,,, |

* See Healthcare Cost Trend Rate assumptions above

Covered Participants – At June 30, 2022, the measurement date, the following numbers of participants were covered by the benefit terms in the County Misc. Plan. Commission employees participate in the County plan as Yolo County employees and, as such are included in these figures:

| | <u>COUNTY</u> |
|--|---------------|
| Inactives currently receiving benefits | TBD |
| Inactives entitled to but not yet receiving Benefits | TBD |
| Active Employees | 1,546 |
| Total | <u>2,702</u> |

TBD - Covered participant counts were available to the actuary as of the valuation date (June 30, 2021), but updated counts were not provided to the actuary as of measurement date (June 30, 2022). Counts do not impact any other information in the actuary reports.

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources – The net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments is amortized over a 5-year period on a straight-line basis. One-fifth was recognized in OPEB expense during the measurement period, and the remaining net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments at June 30, 2022 is to be amortized over the remaining 3-year period.

Note 11. Retiree Medical Plan – Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission recognized an OPEB expense of \$25,248. At June 30, 2023, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

| 88 | Deletted | Defented |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | Outflows of | Inflows of |
| | Resources | Resources |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | \$ - | \$ (11,888) |
| Net difference between expected and actual experience | 5,889 | (31,598) |
| Change of assumptions | 6,503 | (16,407) |
| Change in proportion | 84,147 | |
| Employer contributions paid by the Commission | | |
| subsequent to the measurement date | 42,951 | |
| Total | \$ 139,490 | \$ (59,893) |
| | | |

The \$42,951 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from the Commission's contributions to the County's plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

The net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments is amortized over a 5-year period on a straight-line basis. One-fifth was recognized in OPEB expense during the measurement period, and the remaining net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments at June 30, 2022 is to be amortized over the remaining 2-year period:

Measurement Period Ending Year Ended June 30,

| rioù Elluing Tear Ellueu Julie 30, | , |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| 2023 | 5,258 |
| 2024 | 5,095 |
| 2025 | 5,104 |
| 2026 | 4,179 |
| 2027 | (2,263) |
| Thereafter | 105,175 |
| Total | \$122,548 |
| | |

Note 12. Subsequent Events

The Commission has evaluated subsequent events through October 18, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events requiring disclosure.
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FIRST 5 YOLO CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual Amount | Variance With Final Budget |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>Resources (Inflows)</u> | | | | |
| Operating Grants and contributions: | | | | |
| First 5 California Tobacco Tax Allocations | \$ 1,392,709 | \$ 1,392,709 | \$ 1,261,094 | \$ (131,615) |
| First 5 California Grants | 351,657 | 563,579 | 299,290 | (264,289) |
| Other Grants | 3,613,780 | 4,071,814 | 3,405,827 | (665,987) |
| Other Miscellaneous Income | 5,000 | 5,000 | 1,839 | (3,161) |
| Unrealized Gain on Investments | - | - | 15,847 | 15,847 |
| Interest Income | 10,000 | 10,000 | 34,456 | 24,456 |
| Total Revenues | 5,373,146 | 6,043,102 | 5,018,353 | (1,024,749) |
| <u>Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)</u> Child Development: | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 698,781 | 732,763 | 839,963 | (107,200) |
| Program Funding | 4,812,406 | 3,979,442 | 4,443,947 | (464,505) |
| Operating Expenses | 96,853 | 105,974 | 40,166 | 65,808 |
| Professional Services | 102,178 | 50,273 | 79,230 | (28,957) |
| Contingency Funds | 27,854 | 29,599 | | 29,599 |
| Total Expenditures | 5,738,072 | 4,898,051 | 5,403,306 | (505,255) |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (364,926) | 1,145,051 | (384,953) | (1,530,004) |
| Fund Balance - Beginning of Year | 2,563,474 | 2,563,474 | 2,563,474 | |
| Fund Balance - End of Year | \$ 2,198,548 | \$ 3,708,525 | \$ 2,178,521 | |

FIRST 5 YOLO COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Commission prepares and legally adopts a budget on or before June 30th of each fiscal year. The Commission operation, commencing July 1st, is governed by the proposed budget, adopted by the board of Commissioners by June of the prior fiscal year.

After the budget is approved, the Commission's executive director is authorized to adjust a line item appropriation within the total budget and must notify the Commission in writing. Changes in the total budget amount must be approved by the Commission. All such changes must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available in the original budget or within revised revenue estimates as approved by the Commission.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year in the modified accrual basis of accounting. Additionally, encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amount of the expenditures ultimately to result if the unpaid contracts in process at yearend are fully performed by year-end or purchase commitments satisfied. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrance balances that will not be honored are liquidated.

The legal level of budgetary control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the fund level.

<u>NET PENSION LIABILITY – page 1 of 2</u>

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Commission's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.4558% | 0.3951% | 0.3069% | 0.2533% |
| Commission's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability | \$1,311,786 | \$ 706,046 | \$ 810,135 | \$ 627,316 |
| Commission's proportionate share of covered payroll | \$462,110 | \$391,487 | \$ 292,450 | \$ 245,900 |
| Commission's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll | 283.87% | 180.35% | 277.02% | 278.78% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 67.84% | 78.69% | 67.19% | 67.79% |
| Measurement date: | June 30, 2022 | June 30, 2021 | June 30, 2020 | June 30, 2019 |

<u>CONTRIBUTIONS – page 1 of 2</u>

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined | \$144,787 | \$ 112,240 | \$ 78,968 | \$ 86,378 |
| contribution | (156,809) | (123,077) | (83,184) | (86,378) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ (12,022) | \$ (10,837) | \$ (4,216) | \$ - |
| Commission's covered-employee payroll | \$ 462,110 | \$ 391,487 | \$ 292,450 | \$ 295,293 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 33.93% | 31.44% | 28.44% | 29.25% |

NET PENSION LIABILITY – page 2 of 2

| Fiscal Year Ended: | | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|----|--------------------|--------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Commission's proportion of the net pension liability | | 0.3063% | , D | 0.3530% | 0.4923% | 0.5129% | 0.7668% |
| Commission's proportionate share of the County's ne pension liability | | \$ 709,780 |) { | \$826,217* | \$1,022,270 | \$866,207 | \$1,244,674 |
| Commission's proportionate share of covered payrol | 1 | \$ 260,523 | 3 5 | \$ 287,051 | \$ 542,750 | \$670,560 | \$654,775 |
| Commission's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll | | 273.01% | , D | 280.16% | 260.48% | 230.89% | 228.48% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the tota pension liability | al | 68.24% | , D | 66.71% | 67.41% | 72.06% | 72.06% |
| Measurement date: | | June 30, 2018 | | June 30, 2017 | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |
| <u>CONTRIBUTIONS – page 2 of 2</u> Fiscal Years Ended June 30, | | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | \$ | 60,299 (60,299) | \$ | 61,793 (61,793) | \$ 66,248) (66,248) | \$ 86,150 (86,150 | - |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - \$ - |
| Commission's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 5 245,900 | | \$ 260,523 | \$287,051 | \$542,750 | \$ 670,560 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 23.32% | | 23.72% | 23.08% | 15.87% | 11.81% |

*During the Fiscal Year 2017-18, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18, CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68). Initially reported as \$716,913.

CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - page 1 of 2

| | F | iscal years El | idea June 30, | |
|--|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| Total Pension Liability (Commission's proportionate share of County) | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Service cost | \$81,655 | \$63,538 | \$47,757 | \$37,675 |
| Interest on total pension liability | 267,243 | 224,463 | 167,301 | 131,913 |
| Assumption Changes | 130,521 | - | - | - |
| Actual vs. expected experience | (18,976) | 11,143 | 18,463 | 26,160 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (203,194) | (164,565) | (123,875) | (96,614) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 257,249 | 134,580 | 109,646 | (99,135) |
| Change in proportions | _ | - | 412,079 | (386,724) |
| Total pension liability - beginning | 3,822,316 | 3,178,708 | 1,947,385 | 2,234,974 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$4,079,565 | \$3,313,288 | \$2,469,110 | \$1,947,385 |
| | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions – employer (proportionate) | \$156,809 | \$123,077 | \$83,184 | \$56,093 |
| Contributions – employee (proportionate) | 37,413 | 29,502 | 22,494 | 17,053 |
| Net investment income | (228,840) | 485,617 | 80,022 | 83,149 |
| Benefit payments | (203,194) | (164,565) | (123,874) | (96,614) |
| Net plan to plan resource movement | (333) | - | - | - |
| Administrative expense | (1,874) | (2,133) | (2,255) | (900) |
| Other Misc Income/(Expense) | - | - | - | 3 |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | (240,019) | 471,495 | 59,571 | 58,784 |
| Change in proportions | - | - | 279,335 | (263,909) |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 3,007,798 | 2,135,748 | 1,320,069 | 1,525,194 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$2,767,778 | \$2,607,243 | \$1,658,975 | \$1,320,069 |
| Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b) | \$1,311,786 | \$706,046 | \$810,135 | \$627,316 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 67.84% | 78.69% | 67.19% | 67.79% |
| Covered payroll – as a proportion of Yolo County | \$462,110 | \$ 391,487 | \$ 292,450 | \$ 225,020 |
| Plan net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll | 283.87% | 180.35% | 277.02% | 278.78% |
| Measurement Date June 30,: | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - page 2 of 2

| <u>Total Pension Liability (Commission's</u> proportionate share of County) | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Service cost | \$43,670 | \$49,606 | \$59,834 | \$58,956 | \$91,047 |
| Interest on total pension liability | 151,235 | 167,812 | 226,314 | 223,629 | 323,858 |
| Assumption Changes | (17,140) | 138,094 | - | (53,662) | - |
| Actual vs. expected experience | 10,072 | (7,511) | 30,627 | (40,205) | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (198,430) | (115,185) | (155,554) | (152,525) | (213,739) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 81,297 | 232,816 | | 36,193 | 201,166 |
| Change in proportions | (328,360) | (887,582) | (124,512) | (1,516,720) | - |
| Fotal pension liability - beginning | 2,482,038 | 3,136,804 | · · · / | 4,580,622 | 4,379,456 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$2,234,974 | \$2,482,038 | \$3,136,804 | \$3,100,095 | \$4,580,622 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions – employer (proportionate) | \$58,923 | \$66,165 | \$85,386 | \$78,290 | \$102,631 |
| Contributions – employee (proportionate) | 20,529 | 22,268 | - | 29,675 | 43,842 |
| Net investment income | 122,012 | 168,601 | 11,037 | 49,586 | 500,118 |
| Benefit payments | (106,540) | (115,185) | | (152,525) | (213,739) |
| Administrative expense | (2,243) | (2239) | | (2,500) | - |
| Other Misc Income/(Expense) | (4,252) | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net | 88,429 | 139,610 | (29,632) | 2,526 | 432,852 |
| Change in proportions | (219,056) | (598,323) | (89,721) | (1,104,587) | - |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 1,655,821 | 2,114,534 | 2,233,888 | 3,335,948 | 2,903,096 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$1,525,194 | \$1,655,821 | \$2,114,534 | \$2,233,888 | \$3,335,948 |
| Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b) | \$709,780 | \$826,217 | \$1,022,270 | \$866,207 | \$1,244,674 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 68.24% | 66.71% | 67.41% | 72.06% | 72.83% |
| Covered payroll – as a proportion of Yolo County | \$ 259,986 | \$294,907 | \$392,455 | \$375,157 \$ | \$ 544,768 |
| Plan net pension liability/(asset) as a bercentage of covered payroll | 273.01% | 280.16% | 260.48% | 230.89% | 228.48% |
| Measurement Date June 30,: | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | | | | |

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

FIRST 5 YOLO COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AND CONTRIBUTIONS

CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS *

| <u>Total OPEB Liability (Commission's proportionate share of County)</u> | | cal Year 22-2023 | | cal Year 21-2022 | iscal Year 020-2021 |
|--|--------------|---------------------|----|---------------------|------------------------|
| Service cost | \$ | 11,770 | - | 9,791 | 6,583 |
| Interest on total OPEB liability | | 24,454 | | 21,670 | 13,913 |
| Change of benefit terms | | 1,254 | | - | - |
| Difference -actual vs. expected experience | | (30,556) | | - | 6,094 |
| Assumption changes | | (14,101) | | 8,136 | (1,547) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (26,157) | | (23,129) | (15,563) |
| Change in proportions | | - | | - | 32,916 |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | (33,336) | | 16,468 | 42,397 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 377,524 | | 322,807 | 174,408 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ | 344,188 | \$ | 339,275 | \$ 216,805 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 46,461 | \$ | 38,864 | \$ 24,822 |
| Net investment income | | (22,129) | | 27,203 | 958 |
| Benefit payments | | (26,157) | | (23,129) | (15,563) |
| Administrative expense | | (776) | | (611) | (291) |
| Change in proportions | | - | | - | (6,420) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | (2,600) | | 42,327 | 16,346 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 130,531 | | 74,978 | 34,011 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 127,930 | \$ | 117,305 | \$ 50,357 |
| Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b) | \$ | 216,258 | \$ | 221,970 | \$ 166,448 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 37.17% | | 34.58% | 23.20% |
| Covered payroll – as a proportion of Yolo County | | \$552,870 | | \$469,984 | \$311,423 |
| Net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll | | 39.12% | | 47.23% | 53.4% |
| Measurement Date: | 6 | /30/2022 | (| 6/30/2021 | 6/30/2020 |
| TRIBUTIONS - For Fiscal Years ended June | <u>e 30,</u> | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Actuarially determined contributions | \$ 40,905 | \$ 35,649 | \$ 24,550 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | (46,213) | (41,754) | (26,044) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ (5,308) | \$ (6,105) | \$ (1,493) |
| Commission's covered employee payroll (**) | \$ 612,027 | \$ 496,854 | \$ 315,652 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 7.55% | 8.40% | 8.30% |

FIRST 5 YOLO COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED **RATIOS AND CONTRIBUTIONS**

| CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS * | | | | | | | |
|---|----|--|----|---|--|--|--|
| <u>Total OPEB Liability (Commission's proportionate share of County)</u> | | Fiscal Year Fiscal Year 2019-2020 2018-2019 | | | Fiscal year 2017-2018 | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 5,377 | \$ | 8,705 | \$ 9,048 | | |
| Interest on total OPEB liability | | 11,425 | | 13,654 | 14,004 | | |
| Actual vs. expected experience | | - | | (9,691) | - | | |
| Assumption Changes | | - | | (5,070) | - | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (12,561) | | (12,848) | (13,993) | | |
| Change in proportions | | (32,356) | | (14,672) | - | | |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | (28,115) | | (19,922) | 9,059 | | |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 202,523 | | 222,445 | 213,386 | | |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ | 174,408 | \$ | 202,523 | \$ 222,445 | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Change in proportions Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 20,657 1,869 (12,561) (199) (4,611) 5,155 28,856 34,011 | \$ | 23,128 1,826 (12,848) (120) (1,192) 10,794 18,062 28,856 | 1,362 (13,993) (30) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | | |
| Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b) | \$ | 140,397 | \$ | 173,667 | \$ 204,383 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 19.50% | | 14.25% | 8.12% | | |
| Covered payroll – as a proportion of Yolo County | | \$230,867 | | \$260,486 | \$270,977 | | |
| Net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll | | 60.8% | | 66.67% | 75.42% | | |
| Measurement Date: | | 6/30/2019 | | 6/30/2018 | 6/30/2017 | | |

CONTRIBUTIONS - For Fiscal Years ended June 30,

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | \$ 24,230 (24,230) | \$ 20,842 (20,842) | \$ 21,571 (21,571) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Commission's covered employee payroll (**) | \$ 295,293 | \$ | \$ 260,523 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 8.21% | 8.48% | 8.28% |

FIRST 5 YOLO COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AND CONTRIBUTIONS

* Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

** For the 12-months ended June 30, 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019 and 2018 respectively

In accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice, the following methods and assumptions were used to for the 2022-23 actuarially determined contribution rates:

- a) Actuarial valuation date: June 30, 2022
- b) Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal
- c) Amortization method: Level Percent of Payroll
- d) Amortization period: 13 year fixed period for 2022-23
- e) Asset valuation method: Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
- f) Discount rate: 6.75%
- g) General Inflation: 2.75%
- h) Investment rate of return: 6.75% Net of OPEB Plan Investment and Administrative Expense;
- i) Mortality: CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study
- j) Mortality Improvement: Mortality Projected fully generational with Scale MP-2021

The full GASB 75 Actuarial Report is available on the County's website, www.yolocounty.org

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FIRST 5 YOLO COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF THE STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

No Findings noted in prior year audit (Fiscal year ended June 30, 2022).

FIRST 5 YOLO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Assistance Listing | Pass-Through Grantor's |] | Federal | Exp | penditures |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| <u>Federal Grantor</u> | <u>Number</u> | <u>Number</u> | Ex | <u>penditures</u> | <u>to Su</u> | <u>ibrecipients</u> |
| US Department of the Treasury | | | | | | |
| Passed through Yolo County, County Administrator's Offi | ce | | | | | |
| Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds | 21.027 | 4312 | \$ | 978,859 | \$ | - |
| Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds | 21.027 | 4191 | | 936,956 | | 254,739 |
| Total US Department of the Treasury | | | | 1,915,815 | | 254,739 |
| | | | | | | |
| US Department of Health and Human Services (subteir = Adu | ministration for | Children and Famil | ies) | | | |
| Passed through CA Office of Child Abuse Prevention (OCA | AP) | | | | | |
| Child Abuse and Neglect State Grants | 93.669 | RR-F5Y-22-24 | | 600,000 | | 568,500 |
| Total US Department of Health and Human Servio | ces | | | 600,000 | | 568,500 |
| Total Federal Awards Expended | | | \$ | 2,515,815 | \$ | 823,239 |

The Commission elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate to charge indirect costs to programs.

FIRST 5 YOLO COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Commission and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).



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INDEPENDENT AUDTIOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Commissioners First 5 Yolo County Children and Families Commission Davis, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of First 5 Yolo County Children and Families Commission (Commission), a component unit of Yolo County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

incen Smith

Yensen Smith Certified Public Accountants, Inc. Lincoln, California October 18, 2023



Making a Lasting Contribution To our Clients, To our Community, To our Profession

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM, REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE, AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Commissioners First 5 Yolo Children and Families Commission Davis, California

Report on Compliance for Major Federal Program

Opinion on Major Federal Program

We have audited First 5 Yolo Children and Families Commission's (the Commission) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Commission's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Commission's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Commission complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a

legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Commission's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

• exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

• identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Example Entity's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

• obtain an understanding of Example Entity's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance

with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2023, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

unser Smith

Jensen Smith Certified Public Accountants, Inc. Lincoln, California October 18, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Commissioners First 5 Yolo County Children and Families Commission Davis, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion

We have audited the First 5 Yolo County Children and Families Commission's (the Commission) compliance with the requirements specified in the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office, applicable to the Commission's statutory requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In our opinion, First 5 Yolo Children and Families Commission complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the California Children and Families Program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the California Children and Families Program.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of the California Children and Families Program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State of California's Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and

• Select and test transactions and records to determine the Commission's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

| | Audit Guide | Procedures |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| | Procedures | Performed |
| Description | | |
| Contracting and Procurement | 6 | Yes |
| Administrative Costs | 3 | Yes |
| Conflict of Interest | 3 | Yes |
| County Ordinance | 4 | Yes |
| Long-range Financial Plans | 2 | Yes |
| Financial Condition of the Commission | 1 | Yes |
| Program Evaluation | 3 | Yes |
| Salaries and Benefit Policies | 2 | Yes |

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, or a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Jensen Smith Certified Public Accountants, Inc. Lincoln, California October 18, 2023

FIRST 5 YOLO COUNTY CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Audit Results

| Financial Statements | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Type of report the auditor issued on w accordance with GAAP [Unmodified, | | | 1 1 |
| Internal control over financial reporting | ng: | | |
| • Material weakness(es) identified? | | yes | <u>X</u> no |
| • Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | | yes | <u>X</u> no |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | | yes | <u>X</u> no |
| Federal Awards | | | |
| Internal control over financial reportin | ng: | | |
| • Material weakness(es) identified? | | yes | <u>X</u> no |
| • Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | | yes | <u>X</u> no |
| Type of auditor's report issued on cor <i>Adverse, or Disclaimer</i>]: Unmodifie | - | ijor federal programs [U | Inmodified, Qualified, |
| Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? | | yes | <u>X</u> no |
| Identification of major federal program | ms: | | |
| CFDA Number(s) | Na | ume of Federal Program Cluster | or |
| CFDA No.: 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Re Administrator's Office | ecovery Funds | – Passed through Yolo (| County, County |
| Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: | | \$750,000 | |
| Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? | | Xyes | no |



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October 18, 2023

Board of Commissioners First 5 Yolo Davis, California

Dear Commissioners,

Thank you for your confidence in choosing us for your auditing needs.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of First 5 Yolo (the Commission) for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered the Commission's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A separate letter dated October 18, 2023, contains our report on the Commission's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated October 18, 2023, on the financial statements of the Commission.

As always, please feel free to contact us if you have any questions.

We wish you success in the fiscal year 2023-2024.

Sincerely,

Jensen Smith Certified Public Accountants, Inc. Lincoln, California